car slid backward down a 30-foot ascent and crashed into another car, injuring two others on the Wild Wonder roller coaster at Gillian's Wonderland Pier in Ocean City, New Jersey.

Each of these tragedies is an opportunity for the CPSC to search for causes and share its insights with the operators of other similar rides. Unless the law is changed, however, it cannot perform this role.

One final point—the industry has the unfortunate habit of belittling the risk of loved ones getting mangled or killed on these machines by suggesting that the risk of getting hurt is lower than for "bowling" or "watering your garden." In fact, the fatality rate on roller coasters approximates the risk of dying on passenger trains, buses and airplanes. None of those industries claims any exemption from federal oversight, and investigations by federal safety experts of train accidents, bus accidents or plane crashes is central to minimizing the reoccurrence of serious or fatal accidents in

Yet this common sense eludes the amusement park industry, to the detriment of the safety of children and adult riders alike.

As the spring and summer riding season begins, I urge my colleagues to cosponsor this modest restoration of safety to all parkgoers. Thank you.

ORGANIZATIONS SUPPORTING THE NATIONAL AMUSEMENT PARK RIDE SAFETY ACT

NATIONAL CONSUMER GROUPS Consumer Federation of America Consumers Union

U.S. Public Interest Research Group National SAFE KIDS Campaign

STATE & LOCAL CONSUMER GROUPS

American Council on Consumer Awareness Arizona Consumers Council

Center for Public Representation (WI)

Chicago Consumer Coalition

Columbia Consumer Education Council (SC) The Consumer Alliance (midwest regional alliance)

Consumer Law Center of the South Democratic Processes Center (AZ) Empire State Consumer Association (NY) Massachusetts Public Interest Research Group

Mercer County Community Action Agency (PA)

North Carolina Consumers Council Oregon Consumer League

THE PUBLIC SAFETY EMPLOYER-EMPLOYEE COOPERATION ACT OF 2001

## HON. ROBERT W. NEY

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, April 4, 2001

Mr. NEY. Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to join my friend from Michigan, Mr. KILDEE, me, and 114 of our colleagues to support the Public Safety Employer-Employee Cooperation Act of 2001. I am proud of this bipartisan effort to aid our firefighters and police in this common sense effort to increase fairness.

This bill is supported by the International Association of Fire Fighters, International Brotherhood of Police Officers, International Union of Police Organizations, National Association of Police Organizations, and the Fraternal Order of Police.

Firefighters and police men and women protect the public everyday. These men and women are true public servants who put themselves in harm's way for others. Is it too much to ask that they be allowed to bargain for wages, hours, and safer working conditions? No. This bill helps workers, management, and the general public, because better employeremployee cooperation leads to cost savings and better delivery of services.

Congress has long recognized the importance of assuring and protecting the right of workers to collectively bargain. Federal laws have been extended to guarantee collective bargaining to different sectors and now the only sizeable group of workers without the right to collectively bargain are employees of State and local government.

Fire fighters and police officers take seriously their oath to protect the public and as a result they do not engage in worker slowdowns or stoppages. This bill would not allow for strikes or slowdowns, only the right to bargain collectively. The absence of this collective bargaining denies them opportunity to influence decisions that affect their livelihoods and families.

The Public Safety Employer-Employee Act establishes basic minimum standards that state laws must meet and provides a process to resolve impasses in States without such laws. States that already have collective bargaining laws would be exempt from the Federal statute. Furthermore, this bill prohibits strikes and does not call for mandatory binding arbitration.

I urge my colleagues to join us in supporting the bipartisan Public Safety Employer-Employee Cooperation Act of 2001.

THE PUBLIC SAFETY EMPLOYER-EMPLOYEE COOPERATION ACT OF 2001

## HON. DALE E. KILDEE

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, April 4, 2001

Mr. KILDEE. Mr. Speaker, today I urge my colleagues to join my friend from Ohio, Mr. Ney, myself, and over 100 of their colleagues, to support the Public Safety Employer-Employee Cooperation Act of 2001.

Congress has long recognized the importance of assuring and protecting the right of workers to collectively bargain. Over the vears, federal laws have been extended to guarantee collective bargaining to different sectors and now the only sizeable group of workers without the rights to collectively bargain are employees of state and local govern-

Fire fighters and police officers take seriously their oath to protect the public and as a result they do not engage in worker slowdowns or stoppages. The absence of the right to collectively bargain denies them the opportunity to influence decisions that affect their livelihoods and families.

The Public Safety Employer-Employee Act establishes basic minimum standards that state laws must meet and provides a process to resolve impasses in states without such laws. States that already have collective bargaining laws would be exempt from the federal statute. Furthermore, this bill prohibits strikes

and does not call for mandatory binding arbitration.

Firefighters and police men and women risk their lives every day to protect the public. At the very least, they should be allowed to bargain for wages, hours, and safe working conditions. This bill helps workers, management, and the general public, because employer-employee cooperation leads to cost savings and better delivery of services.

This bill is supported by the International Association of Fire Fighters, International Brotherhood of Police Officers, International Union of Police Organizations, National Association of Police Organizations, and the Fraternal Order of Police.

I urge my colleagues to join us in supporting the Public Safety Employer-Employee Cooperation Act of 2001.

HONORING DEB BUSWELL OF LACROSSE, WI

## HON. RON KIND

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, April 4, 2001

Mr. KIND. Mr. Speaker, today I rise to pay tribute to a constituent of mine, and a very special teacher, Debra Buswell. Debra Buswell was recently named Outstanding Environmental Educator of the Year. Debra, a teacher at Longfellow Middle School from my home town of La Crosse, Wisconsin, is currently the team leader for the School on the River program, housed within Longfellow. This program allows students to work on a variety of environmental projects, including stocking fish with Wisconsin's Department of Natural Resources and compiling river information for the U.S. Geological Survey's Upper Midwest Environmental Sciences Center.

It is also with great pleasure that I recognize the School on the River program itself as one of eight recipients to receive a Seaworld/ Busch Gardens 2001 Environmental Excellence Award. This award recognizes the efforts of students to protect and preserve the environment at a local level. In addition to national recognition for its outstanding achievements, the School on the River will receive \$15,000 for specialized equipment, 100 Tshirts, trophies and certificates, and all-expense-paid trips for three students and one teacher to attend ceremonies in Florida and Missouri.

All of us in the La Crosse area applaud the efforts of Debra Buswell and Principal Glen Jenkins for their outstanding efforts to raise environmental consciousness among Longfellow students, and at the same time, to engage students in non-traditional learning environments. This exposure to critical thinking and higher mathematical skills, management techniques, and team building exercises will benefit them for years to come. With the dedication and support of the school, Principal Jenkins, and Debra Buswell, this ten-year old program is now beginning to receive the national recognition it deserves. I congratulate Principal Jenkins, Debra Buswell, and the students who participate in the program for their hard work and dedication to improving the local environment in their home community.

With the continued awareness of the importance to having a healthy environment, I am